# A STUDY ON EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND RETENTION STRATEGY ON PVM DESIGNS, TIRUPPUR

## Dr.K.PARTHIBAN<sup>1</sup>, K.AHAMMED BASITH<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Associate professor, Department of Management Studies, Nandha Engineering College(Autonomous), Erode, Tamilnadu, India

<sup>2</sup>Second MBA, Department of Management Studies, Nandha Engineering College(Autonomous), Erode, Tamilnadu, India

#### **ABSTRACT**

This study uses a mixed-methods approach to investigate the factors affecting employee engagement and retention in PVM designs. It focuses on job satisfaction, career development opportunities, workplace culture, and communication channels. The research highlights issues specific to the textile printing industry, such as chemical exposure and repetitive work, and the importance of technology in influencing worker dynamics. The findings provide practical recommendations forenhancing employee engagement and retention in the textile printing sector.

Keywords: work culture, retention, employee engagement, printing, textile.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The textile printing sector is vital to the global economy, with employee engagement and retention playing a significant role in competitiveness, product quality, and operational efficiency. However, the sector faces challenges in retaining a steady workforce, with high turnover rates causing significant costs and disruptions. Employee engagement is crucial for innovation and consumer satisfaction, while retention focuses on keeping skilled personnel in the company. Previous research has often overlooked the unique challenges faced by textile printing businesses, such as physical demands, chemical exposure, and changing technology landscapes. This study aims to address these gaps by analyzing factors influencing employee engagement and retention, identifying best practices and innovative strategies, and providing actionable recommendations.

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#### STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

The PVM designs face challenges in retaining skilled workers due to unique needs and expectations. This companies struggle to create customized engagement plans, and the rapid advancement of technology and consumer preferences add to the challenge. Traditional methods like competitive pay and benefits may not fully align with the demandsof the industry. This study aims to examine how companies keep employees engaged and loyal in the textile printing field, focusing on factors like company culture, leadership, career growth opportunities, and work conditions. The goal is to improve engagement and retention strategies, fostering growth and innovation in this specialized field.

#### 3. **OBJECTIVE**

- To assess the current level of employee engagement within PVM DESIGNS.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of existing retention strategies.
- To explore best practices in employee engagement and retention from other industries
- To analyze the factors influencing employee engagement and retention.
- To offer valid suggestion for the improvement of employee engagement and retention of PVM DESIGNS.

#### SCOPE OF THE STUDY 4.

- Through this survey we can learn more about the degree of employee satisfaction with the retention policy provided by PVM designs.
- The initiative outlines the standard of motivation that workers in the textile industry are provided.
- The primary goal of identifying the critical areas in which employees are both highly and poorly pleased.

#### 5. LIMITATION OF THE STUDY

- Just a portion of the PVM designs's workforce is covered by the study.
- Workers did not take much time to answer the question honestly since they were preoccupied with their work.
- A thorough investigation could not be carried out due to time constraints
- Another issue is the inadequate disclosure of information.

#### 6.RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The process is used to collect information and data to make decisions. The methodology may include Publication research, Surveys and other Research techniques and could include both historical and present information.

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# **Research Design**

Research Design refers to the overall strategy that we choose to integrate the different components of the study coherently and logically, thereby, ensuring that we will effectively address the Research problem. It constitutes the blueprint for the collection, measurement and analysis of data.

#### 7. DESCRIPTIVE RESEARCH DATA COLLECTION METHOD

- Primary Data Source
- Secondary Data Source

# SIZE OF THE SAMPLE

The sample size is 100

## STATISTICAL TOOLS USED

To analyze and interpret collected data the following statistical tools were used.

# ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF THE STUDY

# **Chi-Square Test**

## Chi-square test Age and Motivated employees

HO= There is no significant relationship between Age and Motivated employees H1= There are significant relationship between Age and Motivated employees

	ACTUA	L VA	ALUE					
	A	В	С		D	Е		TOTAL
AGE	30	48		18	3	1	0	100
MOTIVATED EMPLOYEES	2	24		34	4(	)	0	100
TOTAL	32	72		52	44	L	0	200
	EXPEC'	ГED	VALUE					
	A	В	С		D	Е		TOTAL
AGE	16	36		26	5 22	2	0	100

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MOTIVATED	16	36	26	22	0	100
EMPLOYEE						
TOTAL	32	72	52	44	0	200
			CHISQ	0.00		

# CHI SQUARE=0.00

# INTERPRETATION

There is no significant relationship between Age and Motivated employees

# Chi-square test for Gender and mission and goals

HO= There are no significant relationship between Gender and mission and goals H1= There are significant relationship between Gender and mission and goals

		ACTUA	L VAL	UE			
		A	В	С	D	Е	TOTAL
GENDER		68	32		0 (	0 0	100
MISSION GOALS	AND	6	32	2	4 36	5 2	100
TOTAL		74	- 64	2	4 30	5 2	200
		EXPEC	CTED V	ALUE			
		A	В	С	D	Е	TOTAL
GENDER		37	32	1	2 18	3 1	100
MISSOIN GOALS	AND	37	32	2 1	2 18	3 1	100
TOTAL		74	64	2	4 36	5 2	200

	CHISQ	0.00	

# CHI SQUARE=0.00

## **INTERPRETATION:**

There are no significant relationship between Gender and mission and goals

## **CORRELATION**

Correlation test for current retention program and company communication channels X= current retention program V= company communication channels

PARTICULARS	CURRENT	RETIONTION	COMPANY	COMMUNICATION
	PROGRAM		CHANNELS	
VERY		2		8
DISSATISFIED				
DISSATISFIED		26		20
NEUTRAL		28		22
SATISFIED		32		44
VERY SATISFIED		2		6

	CURRENT	COMPANY
	RETENTION	COMMUNICATION
	PROGRAM	CHANNELS
CURRENT RETENTION PROGRAM	1	0.861916
COMPANY COMMUNICATION	0.861916	1
	0.801910	1
CHANNELS		

Current retention program and company communication channels Correlation coefficient: 0.861916

INTERPRETATION: The correlation coefficient between "Current retention program" and "company

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communication channels" is 0.861916

# **CORRELATION**

correlation test for positive work environment and recognition and reward X= positive work environment

Y=recognition and reward

PARTICULARS	A POS	SITIVE WORK		RECOGNITION A	ND REWARD
	ENVIRONME	NT			
VERY POOR			10		2
POOR			22		20
AVERAGE			24		42
GOOD			42		26
EXCELLENT			2		10
		A POSITIVE WO	ORK R	LECOGNITION	
		ENVIRONME	NT A	ND REWARD	
A POSITIVE ENVIRONMENT	WORK		10	.619681	
RECOGNITION REWARD	AND	0.619681		1	

positive work environment and recognition and reward Correlation co-efficient: 0.619681

INTERPRETATION: Correlation coefficient between the Current retention program and companycommunication channels

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LITERATURE REVIEW

Umamaheswari (2024) "Employers Awareness and Perception on Employee Retention in Spinning Mills at

Coimbatore Area" The researcher in his research paper stated that employees are one of the most important assets of

the textile industry and although the figures represent that there are upward trends and an increase in the share of the

textile industry in the economy but the truth is that they are facing employees shortage.

Parekh Krunal, Agrawal Vikita R. (2022) "An Analytical Study on Impact of HR Retention Strategies in IT

Sector" This paper says that by motivating open communication among employees, they can be retained. Open

communication helps them to share their problems and hence gain their loyalty. The factors identified were self

esteem of employees, how good is the manager, how they are compensated, how much they are appreciated and what

amount of good work is given to them.

Mandhanya Yogita (2021) "Compensation Policy a Tool; Fostering Employee Retention" How much the employee

is compensated is directly related to his retention in the organization because higher compensation means they are

always inclined towards the company. The organization should also develop a positive environment and work culture

that increases the retention of employees.

**CONCLUSION** 

In summary the study examines employee engagement and retention in the textile printing industry, focusing on

PVM designs for engineering college students in Tamil Nadu. It highlights the importance of clear communication,

professional growth opportunities, supportive leadership, and a positive work environment in fostering a committed

workforce. Tailored retention strategies, including competitive compensation and non-monetary incentives, are

crucial for attracting top talent and fostering innovation. Leadership plays a significant role in driving engagement

initiatives.

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