

VisionDrive: Smart Traffic Analysis with YOLOv7 and DeepSORT

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ABSTRACT

This research introduces a novel vehicle division mechanism intended for dynamic metropolitan settings. Modern technology, including deep learning, computer vision, and real-time warning systems, reduces traffic, enhances road safety, and effectively manages unanticipated situations. A strong vehicle instance segmentation model that can recognize cars in real-time from many sources is first developed using the YOLO technique. In the next round, the cars are tallied and a predetermined threshold is established. If there are more cars in the video or image than a preset threshold, the system will identify this and assume that traffic is heavy. During the last stage, users receive information on congestion analysis and anomaly identification through user-friendly interfaces. This article aims to modernize traffic control by merging cutting-edge technologies with all-encompassing techniques to deliver a responsive, safe, and efficient urban transportation experience.

KEYWORDS: YOLOv7, DeepSORT, OpenCV, Object Detection, Multiclass Segmentation, Object Counting.

1. INTRODUCTION

The goal of this research is to address the challenges posed by dynamic

metropolitan settings by designing an improved vehicle segmentation system that incorporates cutting-edge technologies. Using the YOLO and DeepSORT techniques, the initial stage focuses on creating a strong vehicle instance segmentation model for real-time vehicle recognition in images or video streams. In addition to classifying vehicles, the study employs multi-class segmentation to examine the road infrastructure comprehensively. The next objective is to look into traffic congestion, and identify bottlenecks using estimates of optical flow and density, and utilize deep learning algorithms to discover anomalies. In the last phase, customers will be able to access segmentation data, congestion analysis, and abnormality detection using intuitive interfaces that provide real-time traffic notifications.

2. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The problem statement for this paper is

2.1 Traffic Management Complexity:

In India, managing traffic is a difficult and time-consuming process that calls for creative solutions to address a range of issues.

2.2 Road Accidents: Traffic management at accident scenes is a major concern for law enforcement. Road accidents are a frequent occurrence.

2.3 VIP Movement: When VIPs are moved along particular routes, it might impede normal traffic flow and cause delays.

2.4 Road barriers: Roadside barriers such as fallen trees are common and require quick handling to allow traffic to flow again.

3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

Real-time video recording at traffic lights is facilitated by the installation of high-resolution cameras as part of the proposed intelligent traffic monitoring system. Modern machine learning and computer vision algorithms classify vehicles, giving special attention to three-, four-, and five-wheelers. Continuous real-time density estimations inform a deep learning-based traffic jam detection system. Predetermined thresholds are exceeded, which causes alerts to sound.

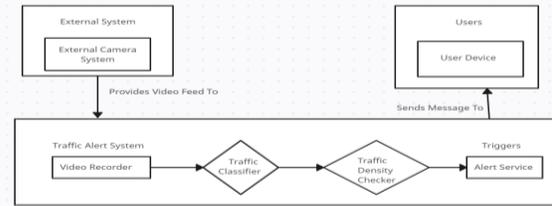


Fig. 1. Data Flow of Proposed System

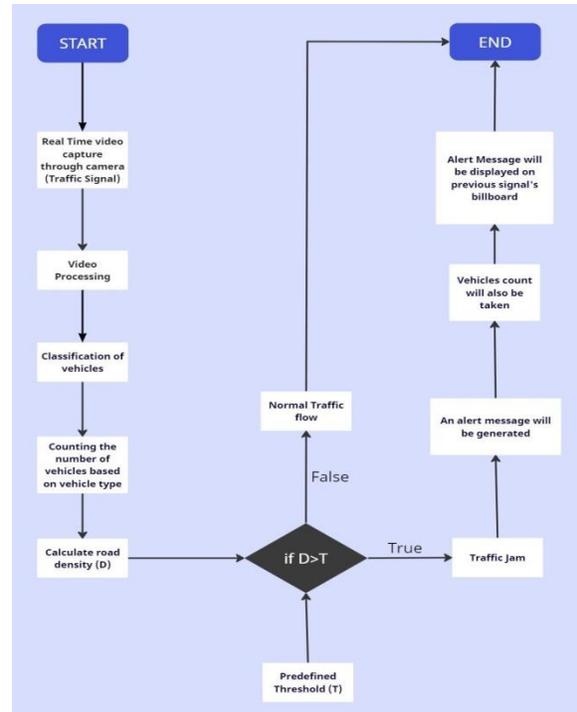


Fig. 2. Work Flow of Proposed System

4. METHODOLOGY USED

- The study paper's method merged YOLOv7 (You Only Look Once version 7) with DeepSORT (Deep Simple Online and Realtime Tracking) for real-time video surveillance and alarm systems in traffic control.

- Because the contemporary object identification algorithm YOLOv7 is so good at recognizing and classifying objects in each frame of the real-time video feeds, it was deployed.
- Moreover, DeepSORT was employed to monitor and maintain the identity of objects identified across a sequence of frames.

5. IMPLEMENTATION

RELATED WORK

We use the YOLOv7 algorithm for real-time video object detection in the suggested system. Pedestrians, vehicles, and other items are all recognized by the algorithm. Following detection, each identified object class's instances are counted by the system, which then shows the counts on the screen. The technology precisely counts various vehicles and human kinds, providing useful information for traffic management and study.

5.1 Model Architecture and Versions: We used YOLOv7 as our main object recognition framework because of its excellent accuracy and real-time capabilities. Furthermore, we combined YOLOv7 and the DeepSORT algorithm for object tracking.

5.2 Model Evaluation: We used common measures, such as precision, recall, and F1-score for object detection, to assess the effectiveness of our YOLOv7 + DeepSORT implementation.

5.3 Comparisons and Baselines: We examined how our model performed in comparison to SSD, Faster RCNN, and YOLOv4 baseline models. The comparison demonstrated how much more accurate and effective our suggested method is.

Models	Accuracy	Frame Size	AP ^{val}	AP ^{val} ₅₀
YOLOv7	92.86%	640	51.2%	69.7%
YOLOv4	43.5%	640	49.7%	68.2%
SSD	79.8%	512	28.8%	48.5%
Faster RCNN	83.92%	600	39.8%	59.2%

Table No. 1: Comparison of different models with YOLOv7

6. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The research paper "Innovative Approaches to Traffic Control: Systematic Review of Deep Learning in Real-Time Signal Video Monitoring & Alerts" was created to examine and evaluate the application of deep learning

techniques in real-time traffic signal video monitoring and warning systems. The report offers a comprehensive summary of the advancements, challenges, and potential future paths in this sector. All things considered, the systematic review provides valuable insights into the current status of deep learning applications in traffic control, setting the stage for future research and development in this rapidly advancing field.

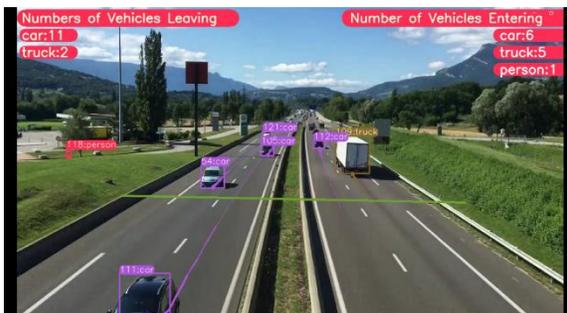


Fig. 3. Vehicle counting from video dataset 1



Fig. 4. Vehicle counting from video dataset 2



Fig. 5. Vehicle counting from video dataset 2



Fig. 6. Alert message on Billboard

7. CONCLUSION

Using the YOLO algorithm-based vehicle detection and traffic monitoring system has led to the advancement of intelligent transportation systems. Accurate vehicle classification and counting, road density calculation, and real-time traffic congestion detection all contribute to a comprehensive understanding of road conditions. Our real-time alert system helps drivers and pedestrians make more informed decisions about their travel plans and routes by providing them with timely information. This ultimately improves

traffic management and reduces congestion.

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